

**India Trade Data: March 2026**

**I. India's Trade Snapshot - As on March 2026 :**

India's March 2026 merchandise trade showed a sharp monthly contraction, with exports falling 7.44% YoY to \$38.92 bn and imports declining 6.51% to \$59.59 bn, narrowing the goods deficit to \$20.67 bn (improved from \$21.69 bn). Services exports dipped marginally 1.21% to \$35.20 bn while imports eased 2.97%, delivering a near-flat services surplus of \$18.24 bn. Overall, the combined trade deficit narrowed to \$2.44 bn in March – the narrowest in recent months. However, for full-year FY26, merchandise exports managed only marginal 0.93% growth to \$441.78 bn while services surged 7.94% to \$418.31 bn, driving total exports (M+S) to a record \$860.09 bn (+4.22% YoY).

*(All figures in US\$ Billion)*

Category	March 2025	March 2026	% YoY	FY25 (Apr'24–Mar'25)	FY26 (Apr'25–Mar'26)	% YoY
MERCHANDISE EXPORTS	42.05	38.92	-7.44%	437.70	441.78	+0.93%
MERCHANDISE IMPORTS	63.74	59.59	-6.51%	721.20	774.98	+7.4 %
TRADE BALANCE (Merchandise)	-21.69	-20.67	Improved	-283.50	-333.2	Widened
SERVICE EXPORTS	35.63	35.20	-1.21%	387.55	418.31	+7.94%
SERVICE IMPORTS	17.48	16.96	-2.97%	198.72	204.42	+2.86%
TRADE BALANCE (Services)	+18.15	+18.24	Improved	+188.83	+213.89	Improved
TOTAL EXPORTS (M+S)	77.68	74.12	-4.58%	825.26	860.09	+4.22%
TOTAL IMPORTS (M+S)	81.22	76.55	-5.75%	919.92	979.40	+6.46%
TRADE BALANCE (M+S)	-3.55	-2.44	Improved	-94.66	-119.30	Widened

The full-year combined deficit still widened to -\$119 bn as merchandise imports outpaced export growth. In short, March reflected softening global demand and geopolitical pressures, but services resilience masked a structurally widening goods deficit, keeping India's external balance under pressure despite headline export records.

**Core Trade Deficit Widens Sharply by 26% in FY 2025-26!**

India's non-petroleum exports grew modestly by 3.62% to USD 387.88 billion, while core exports (excluding petroleum & gems & Jewellery) rose 4.40% to USD 359.67 billion. However, non-petroleum imports surged 12.25% and core imports grew 9.67%, pushing the core trade deficit from USD 110.09 billion to USD 138.89 billion – a deterioration of 26.16% YoY. This reflects faster import growth outpacing export momentum in FY 2025-26.

Trade excluding Petroleum and Gems & Jewellery during FY 2025-26 (April-March)			
Items	Apr'24-March '25	Apr'25-March '26	% YoY
Non- petroleum exports	374.32	387.88	+3.62%
Non- petroleum imports	535.42	601.03	+12.25%
Non-petroleum & *Non Gems & Jewellery exports	344.50	359.67	+4.40%
Non-petroleum & Non Gems & Jewellery imports	454.59	498.56	+9.67%
<b>Core Trade Balance ( Non-petroleum &amp; Non Gems &amp; Jewellery)</b>	<b>-110.09</b>	<b>-138.89</b>	<b>-26.16% (Deficit Widened)</b>

\* Gems & Jewellery Imports include Gold, Silver & Pearls, precious & Semi-precious stones

**II. Commodities of Import :**

Imports in March 2026 declined 6.51% to USD 59,592.30 million, while cumulative imports for FY 2025-26 grew 7.46% to USD 774,975.11 million. Silver recorded an explosive 416.77% monthly jump and Fertilisers rose 60.75% cumulatively. Electronic Goods, Machinery and Vegetable Oil also posted healthy double-digit cumulative growth.

However, Petroleum Crude & Products fell sharply (-35.91% monthly) and Gold contracted 31.63%, helping moderate the overall import bill.

**a. Top 10 Items with Increased Import**

Sr. No	IMPORT ( in \$Bn)- Commodities (Rising)					% Change	
		MAR'25	APR'24- MAR'25	MAR'26	APR'25- MAR'26	% Change (MAR'26 vs MAR'25)	% Change (APR'25- MAR'26 vs APR'24- MAR'25)
1	Silver	119.3	4827.25	616.48	12050.86	416.77	<b>149.64</b>
2	Sulphur & Unroasted Iron Pyrites	30.02	325.55	37.96	778.45	26.46	<b>139.12</b>
3	Fertilisers, Crude & manufactured	617.26	10225.63	630.69	16437.23	2.17	<b>60.75</b>
4	Cotton Raw & Waste	79.04	1219.32	55.03	1888.79	-30.38	<b>54.91</b>
5	Metalliferous ores & other minerals	796.79	11098.85	957.93	14123.89	20.22	<b>27.26</b>
6	Chemical material & products	1255.75	12817.39	1024.3	16057.57	-18.43	<b>25.28</b>
7	Gold	4476.5	58006.37	3060.78	71977.48	-31.63	<b>24.09</b>
8	Electronic goods	9419.89	98650.56	11257.25	116175.35	19.51	<b>17.76</b>
9	Fruits & vegetables	284.98	3268.18	312.56	3823.47	9.68	<b>16.99</b>
10	Non-ferrous metals	2104.55	24788.31	2321.02	28864.8	10.29	<b>16.45</b>

**b. Top 10 Items with Decreased Import**

Sr.	IMPORT (\$Bn)- Commodities (Declining)					% Change	
		MAR'25	APR'24- MAR'25	MAR'26	APR'25- MAR'26	% Change (MAR'26 vs MAR'25)	% Change (APR'25- MAR'26 vs APR'24- MAR'25)
1	Pulses	438.39	5477.28	342.79	3572.89	-21.81	<b>-34.77</b>
2	Newsprint	24.4	413.96	23.86	305.71	-2.22	<b>-26.15</b>
3	Coal, Coke & Briquettes, etc.	2248.53	31093.14	2549.59	27895.81	13.39	<b>-10.28</b>
4	Petroleum, Crude & products	19008.4	185779.29	12182.76	173945.81	-35.91	<b>-6.37</b>
5	Iron & Steel	1777.39	22636.92	1524.86	21480.54	-14.21	<b>-5.11</b>
6	Leather & leather products	74.43	982.03	75.77	937.96	1.8	<b>-4.49</b>
7	Wood & Wood products	528.8	6971.15	486.38	6778.48	-8.02	<b>-2.76</b>
8	Pulp and Waste paper	151.13	2014.08	122.25	1958.79	-19.11	<b>-2.75</b>
9	Organic & Inorganic Chemicals	2253.65	28418.63	2109.38	27916.76	-6.4	<b>-1.77</b>
10	Project goods	36.3	1077.58	27.7	1060.24	-23.7	<b>-1.61</b>

### III. Commodities of Export :

India’s merchandise exports in March 2026 stood at USD 38,918.34 million, down 7.44% from March 2025, while cumulative exports for FY 2025-26 (Apr 2025-Mar 2026) edged up 0.93% to USD 441,784.23 million. Engineering Goods, the largest category, showed resilience with 1.13% monthly and 4.86% cumulative growth. Strong performers included Other Cereals (+108.23% monthly), Marine Products (+13.86% cumulative) and Meat/Dairy products (+21.94% cumulative).

However, sharp declines were seen in Gems & Jewellery (-29.43%), Iron Ore (-49.80%), Cashew (-40.12%) and Tea (-34.64%).

#### Top 10 Items with Increased Export

Sr. No	EXPORT (\$Bn)-Commodities (Rising)					% Change	
		MAR'25	APR'24-MAR'25	MAR'26	APR'25-MAR'26	% Change (MAR'26 vs MAR'25)	% Change (APR'25-MAR'26 vs APR'24-MAR'25)
1	Other cereals	27.83	271.83	57.94	445.65	108.23	<b>63.95</b>
2	Electronic Goods	4558.29	38556.49	4408.91	47964.98	-3.28	<b>24.4</b>
3	Meat, dairy & poultry products	484.4	5096.45	469.4	6214.79	-3.1	<b>21.94</b>
4	Coffee	264.04	1805.57	226.22	2082.7	-14.32	<b>15.35</b>
5	Marine Products	675.17	7405	680.31	8431.33	0.76	<b>13.86</b>
6	Mica, Coal & Other Ores, Minerals including processed minerals	517.48	5073.16	575.82	5737.96	11.27	<b>13.1</b>
7	Cashew	25.31	338.21	15.16	379.51	-40.12	<b>12.21</b>
8	Tea	81.41	923.89	53.21	988.13	-34.64	<b>6.95</b>
9	Engineering Goods	10817.86	116754.17	10939.88	122431.3	1.13	<b>4.86</b>
10	Cereal preparations & miscellaneous processed items	279.76	3101.97	252.66	3209.11	-9.69	<b>3.45</b>

#### a. Top 10 Items with Decreased Export

Sr.No	EXPORT (\$Bn)-Commodities (Declining)					% Change	
		MAR'25	APR'24-MAR'25	MAR'26	APR'25-MAR'26	% Change (MAR'26 vs MAR'25)	% Change (APR'25-MAR'26 vs APR'24-MAR'25)
1	Oil Meals	117.17	1346.8	79.81	1041.17	-31.88	<b>-22.69</b>
2	Iron Ore	237.91	2082.72	119.44	1708.33	-49.8	<b>-17.98</b>
3	Petroleum Products	4895.2	63383.44	5182.95	53907.72	5.88	<b>-14.95</b>
4	Oil seeds	111.64	1343.97	73.42	1217.72	-34.24	<b>-9.39</b>
5	Rice	1178.59	12472.47	997.53	11537.36	-15.36	<b>-7.5</b>
6	Plastic & Linoleum	806.65	8919.69	631.34	8284.11	-21.73	<b>-7.13</b>
7	Jute Mfg. including Floor Covering	34.56	384.07	27.13	357.64	-21.51	<b>-6.88</b>
8	Gems & Jewellery	2897.47	29818.2	2044.72	28208.32	-29.43	<b>-5.4</b>
9	Carpet	137.43	1541.11	122.27	1459.22	-11.03	<b>-5.31</b>
10	Spices	520.54	4451.97	413.74	4261.17	-20.52	<b>-4.29</b>

**IV. Export Diversification with Countries:**

The top 20 destinations accounted for nearly two-thirds of total exports. March 2026 exports to these markets fell 10.46% to USD 25,825.08 million, but cumulative exports grew marginally by 0.27%. USA remained the largest market despite a 20.95% monthly decline. Impressive gains were recorded in China (+28.10% monthly, +36.66% cumulative), Singapore (+158.55% monthly), Spain (+55.93%), Malaysia (+84.47%) and Vietnam (+46.12%).

However, Sharp drops occurred in UAE (-61.93%) and Netherlands (-51.28%).

**a. Exports - Markets Where India Improved**

Countries (Export)	(Values in Bn USD)				% Change	
	MAR'25	APR'24-MAR'25	MAR'26	APR'25-MAR'26	% Change (MAR'26 vs MAR'25)	% Change (APR'25-MAR'26 vs APR'24-MAR'25)
SPAIN	455.49	4763.75	710.24	6970.57	55.93	<b>46.33</b>
CHINA P RP	1511.59	14252.21	1936.34	19476.59	28.1	<b>36.66</b>
HONG KONG	536.85	6066.71	842.58	8081.78	56.95	<b>33.22</b>
VIETNAM SOC REP	522.03	5428.92	762.77	6665.86	46.12	<b>22.78</b>
GERMANY	1025.49	10628.61	1071.72	11526.15	4.51	<b>8.44</b>
BELGIUM	687.28	6320.14	541.55	6598.64	-21.2	<b>4.41</b>
BRAZIL	572	6771.01	583.09	7022.1	1.94	<b>3.71</b>
U ARAB EMTS	3395.34	36638.02	1292.72	37365.3	-61.93	<b>1.99</b>

**b. Exports- Markets Where India Lagging**

Countries (Export)	(Values in Bn USD)				% Change	
	MAR'25	APR'24-MAR'25	MAR'26	APR'25-MAR'26	% Change (MAR'26 vs MAR'25)	% Change (APR'25-MAR'26 vs APR'24-MAR'25)
NETHERLAND	1792	22763.41	873.05	17504.05	-51.28	<b>-23.1</b>
AUSTRALIA	802.64	8581.38	710.23	7284.17	-11.51	<b>-15.12</b>
SAUDI ARAB	971.42	11756.65	527.8	10283.65	-45.67	<b>-12.53</b>
FRANCE	717.17	7960.06	643.16	7102.46	-10.32	<b>-10.77</b>
SINGAPORE	886.92	12976.15	2293.14	11868.05	158.55	<b>-8.54</b>
BANGLADESH PR	1050.96	11485.26	848.64	10573.35	-19.25	<b>-7.94</b>
U K	1384.03	14549.95	1197.03	13443.82	-13.51	<b>-7.6</b>
MALAYSIA	512.69	7316.85	945.78	6850.04	84.47	<b>-6.38</b>
SOUTH AFRICA	514.47	7462.28	676.98	7008.41	31.59	<b>-6.08</b>

V. Import Diversification

The top 20 sources represented about 77% of total imports. March 2026 imports from these countries dropped 9.79% to USD 45,973.67 million, while cumulative imports rose 5.21%. China overtook UAE as the largest supplier, growing 24.81% monthly and 16.03% cumulatively.

Sharp declines were seen in UAE (-66.32%) and Iraq (-64.30%). Strong growth came from Thailand (+64.53% monthly), USA (+14.40%) and Vietnam (+16.50%), reflecting shifting supply-chain dynamics towards China and ASEAN nations.

a. Countries with Whom Imports Increased

Countries (Import)	(Values in Bn USD)				% Change	
	MAR'25	APR'24-MAR'25	MAR'26	APR'25-MAR'26	% Change (MAR'26 vs MAR'25)	% Change (APR'25-MAR'26 vs APR'24-MAR'25)
U K	711.17	8582.78	868.03	11680.65	22.06	<b>36.09</b>
HONG KONG	2071.28	19729.22	2258.1	24330.99	9.02	<b>23.32</b>
CHINA P RP	9675.48	113447.34	12075.48	131633.56	24.81	<b>16.03</b>
U S A	3764.81	45625.2	4306.99	52900.51	14.4	<b>15.95</b>
THAILAND	1318.02	14267.08	2168.52	16426.96	64.53	<b>15.14</b>
SINGAPORE	1809.28	21282.12	2080.32	24240.48	14.98	<b>13.9</b>
JAPAN	1830.32	18915.34	1841.73	21436.68	0.62	<b>13.33</b>
MALAYSIA	1052.4	12538.68	1358.03	14176.95	29.04	<b>13.07</b>
VIETNAM SOC REP	859.97	10333.95	1001.88	11615.23	16.5	<b>12.4</b>

c. Countries with Whom Import Decreased

Countries (Import)	(Values in Bn USD)				% Change	
	MAR'25	APR'24-MAR'25	MAR'26	APR'25-MAR'26	% Change (MAR'26 vs MAR'25)	% Change (APR'25-MAR'26 vs APR'24-MAR'25)
IRAQ	2749.8	28891.2	981.68	24562.19	-64.3	<b>-14.98</b>
RUSSIA	5508.4	63811.44	4199.63	55368.25	-23.76	<b>-13.23</b>
TAIWAN	699.82	10006.95	881.46	8880.9	25.96	<b>-11.25</b>
AUSTRALIA	1085.78	15526.46	1044.2	13811.36	-3.83	<b>-11.05</b>
INDONESIA	1789.14	22778.03	1681.61	20290.39	-6.01	<b>-10.92</b>

## VI. Implications:

1. The decline in both exports and imports suggests a **cyclical slowdown**, not a crisis. India is moving into a **low-growth global trade phase**.
2. Imports fell faster than exports making **narrower trade deficit (M-o-M improvement)**. In **Short-term it is a relief for external balances**, however **Structural vulnerability** persists in medium term.
3. INR likely to remain **range-bound** rather than sharply appreciating.
4. Oil remains the **largest driver of trade deficit volatility**.
5. Investment demand still holding better than consumption, as Core imports (oil, gold) remain sticky.

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